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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/687,610	10/20/2003	Masatoshi Yumoto	Q78027	2613	
23373	7590 12/14/2005		EXAMINER		
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC			FEELY, MICHAEL J		
2100 PENNS SUITE 800	SYLVANIA AVENUE, N	I.W.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20037		1712		

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/687,61	o	YUMOTO ET AL.					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		Michael J.	Feely	1712					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per te to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the mad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF TH R 1.136(a). In no ever aiod will apply and will atute, cause the appl	IS COMMUNICATION int, however, may a reply be tim I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONEI	ely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20	October 2003	<u>3</u> .						
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application	ion.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-7 and 11-20</u> is/are rejected.								
	Claim(s) <u>2 and 8-10</u> is/are objected to.								
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election re	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
9)□ .	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.							
10) 🗌	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) \square a	accepted or b)[\square objected to by the E	xaminer.	_				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:									
	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
Attachment	i(s)								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary						
3) 🛛 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ · No(s)/Mail Date <u>0104</u> .	(08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)					
			, — = '9'' ,—,—,"						

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-7, 11-17, 19, and 20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Baron (US Pat. No. 4,328,322).

Regarding claims 1 and 3-7, Baron discloses: (1) a polyether derivative represented by the following general formula (I):

$$A-O-(L-O)_n-X^1-Ar^1-(NH_2)_m$$

(column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims) wherein, in the general formula (I):

- X¹ represents -CO- or -SO₂-; (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)
- Ar¹ represents unsubstituted arylene or arylene substituted with a halogen atom, or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl or cyano group;
 (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)
- L represents alkylene; (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)
- m is 1 or 2; (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)

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• A represents $-X^2$ - Ar^2 - $(NH_2)_1$, a hydrogen atom, or an alkyl, aryl or acyl group, wherein X^2 , Ar^2 , and I have the same meanings as the above-mentioned X^1 , Ar^1 and m, respectively (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims); and

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- n is an average addition mole number of a polyether group and is a numerical value of 10 to 500 (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims);
- (3) wherein Ar¹ in the general formula (I) has 6 to 30 carbon atoms in all (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims);
- (4) wherein -X¹-Ar¹-(NH₂)_m in the general formula (I) is a 4-aminobenzoyl, 3,5-diaminobenzoyl or 4-aminobenzensulfonyl group (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims);
- (5) wherein L in the general formula (I) is alkylene having 2 to 20 carbon atoms in all (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims);
- (6) wherein L in the general formula (I) is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, propylene, tetramethylene, phenylethylene, cyclohexylene, vinylethylene and phenoxymethylethylene (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims); and
- (7) wherein repeating unit –(L–O)_n in the general formula (I) is selected from the group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polytetramethylene oxide, polystyrene oxide, polycyclohexylene oxide, polyethylene oxide-polypropylene oxide block copolymer, and polyethylene oxide-polypropylene oxide random copolymer (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims).

Regarding claims 11-17, 19, and 20, Baron discloses: (11) a process for producing a polyether derivative, comprising: (1) causing a polyether derivative represented by the following general formula (II):

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$$E-O-(LO)_n-H$$

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to react with an aromatic nitro compound represented by the following general formula (III):

(column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63) wherein in the general formulae (II) and (III):

- E represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl, aryl or acyl group (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- X represents X¹ or X² (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- Ar represents Ar¹ or Ar² (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- p represents m or 1 (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- L represents alkylene (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63); and
- n is an average addition mole number of a polyether group, and is a numerical value of 10 to 500 (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- (2) carrying out hydrogen reduction in the presence of a catalyst for catalytic hydrogen reduction to thereby yield a polyether derivative represented by the following general formula (I):

$$A-O-(L-O)_n-X^1-Ar^1-(NH_2)_m$$

(column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63) wherein, in the general formula (I):

- X¹ represents -CO- or -SO₂-; (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)
- Ar¹ represents unsubstituted arylene or arylene substituted with a halogen atom, or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl or cyano group;
 (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)
- L represents alkylene; (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)

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- m is 1 or 2; (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims)
- A represents $-X^2$ -Ar²-(NH₂)₁, a hydrogen atom, or an alkyl, aryl or acyl group, wherein X^2 , Ar², and I have the same meanings as the above-mentioned X^1 , Ar¹ and m, respectively (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims); and
- n is an average addition mole number of a polyether group and is a numerical value of 10 to 500 (column 4, lines 9-40; Examples, claims);
- (12) wherein an amount of the aromatic nitro compound (III) used is from 1.0 to 3.0 moles per mole of hydroxyl groups of the polyether derivative (II) (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- (13) wherein for the reaction between the polyether derivative (II) and the aromatic nitro compound (III), a base selected from the group consisting of triethylamine, pyridine, DBU and sodium hydroxide is used (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63); (14) wherein an amount of the base used is from 1.0 to 3.0 moles per mole of hydroxyl groups of the polyether derivative (II) (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- (15) wherein for the reaction between the polyether derivative (II) and the aromatic nitro compound (III), a solvent selected from the group consisting of toluene, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran and methylene chloride is used (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63); (16) wherein the amount of solvent used is from 0.5 to 50 ml per gram of the polyether derivative (II) (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);
- (17) wherein the reaction between the polyether derivative (II) and the aromatic nitro compound (III) is conducted at a temperature of 0 to 100°C or at a reflux temperature of a solvent used (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63);

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(19) wherein a solvent selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, 2-propanol, tetrahydrofuran, and chloroform is used for the hydrogen reduction (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63); and

(20) wherein the hydrogen reduction is conducted at a temperature of 0 to 60°C or at a reflux temperature of a solvent used (column 4, lines 9-40; column 21, lines 26-63).

4. Claims 1, 3-7, 11, 12, 15-17, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fuller et al. (US Pat. No. 4,829,099).

Regarding claims 1 and 3-7, Fuller et al. disclose: (1) a polyether derivative represented by the following general formula (I):

$$A-O-(L-O)_n-X^1-Ar^1-(NH_2)_m$$

(Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32) wherein, in the general formula (I):

- X¹ represents -CO- or -SO₂- (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- Ar¹ represents unsubstituted arylene or arylene substituted with a halogen atom, or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl or cyano group

 (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- L represents alkylene (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- m is 1 or 2 (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- A represents $-X^2$ – Ar^2 – $(NH_2)_1$, a hydrogen atom, or an alkyl, aryl or acyl group, wherein X^2 , Ar^2 , and 1 have the same meanings as the above-mentioned X^1 , Ar^1 and m, respectively (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8); and

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• n is an average addition mole number of a polyether group and is a numerical value of 10 to 500 (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);

- (3) wherein Ar¹ in the general formula (I) has 6 to 30 carbon atoms in all (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- (4) wherein -X¹-Ar¹-(NH₂)_m in the general formula (I) is a 4-aminobenzoyl, 3,5-diaminobenzoyl or 4-aminobenzensulfonyl group (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- (5) wherein L in the general formula (I) is alkylene having 2 to 20 carbon atoms in all (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- (6) wherein L in the general formula (I) is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, propylene, tetramethylene, phenylethylene, cyclohexylene, vinylethylene and phenoxymethylethylene (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8); and
- (7) wherein repeating unit –(L–O)_n in the general formula (I) is selected from the group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polytetramethylene oxide, polystyrene oxide, polycyclohexylene oxide, polyethylene oxide-polypropylene oxide block copolymer, and polyethylene oxide-polypropylene oxide random copolymer (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8).

Regarding claims 11, 12, 15-17, and 20, Fuller et al. disclose: (11) a process for producing a polyether derivative, comprising: (1) causing a polyether derivative represented by the following general formula (II):

$$E-O-(LO)_n-H$$

to react with an aromatic nitro compound represented by the following general formula (III):

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$$Cl-X-Ar-(NO_2)_p$$

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(column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32) wherein in the general formulae (II) and (III):

- E represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl, aryl or acyl group (column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32);
- X represents X¹ or X² (column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32);
- Ar represents Ar¹ or Ar² (column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32);
- p represents m or l (column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32);
- L represents alkylene (column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32); and
- n is an average addition mole number of a polyether group, and is a numerical value of 10 to 500 (column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32);
- (2) carrying out hydrogen reduction in the presence of a catalyst for catalytic hydrogen reduction to thereby yield a polyether derivative represented by the following general formula (I):

$$A-O-(L-O)_n-X^1-Ar^1-(NH_2)_m$$

(Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8; column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32) wherein, in the general formula (I):

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- X¹ represents -CO- or -SO₂- (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- Ar¹ represents unsubstituted arylene or arylene substituted with a halogen atom, or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl or cyano group (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- L represents alkylene (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- m is 1 or 2 (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- A represents -X²-Ar²-(NH₂)₁, a hydrogen atom, or an alkyl, aryl or acyl group, wherein X², Ar², and I have the same meanings as the above-mentioned X¹, Ar¹ and m, respectively (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8); and n is an average addition mole number of a polyether group and is a numerical value of 10 to 500 (Abstract; column 4, line 65 through column 7, line 8);
- (12) wherein an amount of the aromatic nitro compound (III) used is from 1.0 to 3.0 moles per mole of hydroxyl groups of the polyether derivative (II) (column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32);
- (15) wherein for the reaction between the polyether derivative (II) and the aromatic nitro compound (III), a solvent selected from the group consisting of toluene, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran and methylene chloride is used (column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32); (16) wherein the amount of solvent used is from 0.5 to 50 ml per gram of the polyether derivative (II) (column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32);
- (17) wherein the reaction between the polyether derivative (II) and the aromatic nitro compound (III) is conducted at a temperature of 0 to 100°C or at a reflux temperature of a solvent used (column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32); and

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(20) wherein the hydrogen reduction is conducted at a temperature of 0 to 60°C or at a reflux temperature of a solvent used (column 15, line 51 through column 16, line 32).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baron (US Pat. No. 4,328,322) or Fuller et al. (US Pat. No. 4,829,099).

Regarding claim 18, neither Baron nor Fuller et al. disclose (18) wherein the polyether derivative (II) is dehydrated before the reaction, and then used. However, this appears to be merely a purification step of the reactant to ensure the most efficient reaction and the purest reaction product as possible. In the absence of unexpected results it would have been obvious to perform the instantly claimed process with or without the purification step – see MPEP 2144.04 VII.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to perform the dehydration of polyether derivative (II) prior to reaction in Baron or Fuller et al. because this step is merely a means of purification to ensure the most efficient reaction and the purest reaction product as possible.

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Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 2 and 8-10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Communication

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael J. Feely whose telephone number is 571-272-1086. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 to 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy Gulakowski can be reached on 571-272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael J. Feely Primary Examiner Art Unit 1712

December 9, 2005

MICHAEL FEELY
PRIMARY EXAMINER